Varied Fluency Step 5: Imperial Measures

National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 6: (6M5) <u>Use, read, write and convert between standard units,</u> converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places

Mathematics Year 6: (6M9) <u>Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of</u> units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate

Differentiation:

Developing Questions to support comparing and converting imperial measures.

Converting using whole numbers, doubling or halving.

Expected Questions to support comparing and converting imperial measures. Converting numbers with up to 2 decimal places and using direct fractions of the conversions, e.g. 1/8 when converting ounces to pounds.

Greater Depth Questions to support comparing and converting imperial measures. Converting numbers up to 2 decimal places, percentages and using equivalent fractions of the conversions, e.g. 2/16 when converting ounces to pounds.

More <u>Year 5 and 6 Converting Units</u> resources.

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Varied Fluency – Imperial Measures – Teaching Information

Imperial Measures	Imperial Measures
1a. Jacob and Zac are measuring the weight of their pencil cases.	1b. Hafsa and Sophia are measuring the weight of their lunch boxes.
Jacob's pencil case weighs 28g.	Hafsa's lunch box weighs 16 ounces.
Zac's pencil case weighs 2 ounces.	Sophia's lunch box weighs 2 pounds.
Whose pencil case is the heaviest?	Whose lunch box is the heaviest?
6 VF	6 VF
2a. Are the following statements true or false?	2b. Are the following statements true or false?
A. 2 stones = 28 pounds	A. 16 pints = I gallon
B. 5cm = 5 inches	B. 36 inches = 3 feet
C. 24 inches = 3 feet	C. 2 inches ≈ 5 cm
6 VF	6 VF
3a. Match the measurements to their conversions.	3b. Match the measurements to their conversions.
32 ounces 2 stones 2 gallons	24'' 56g 5cm
16 pints 2 pounds 28 pounds	2" 2 feet 2 ounces
4a. Fill in the missing measurements.	4b. Fill in the missing measurements.
gallon = 8 pints	g ≈ 1 ounce
2 feet = inches	2 gallons = pints
pounds = 2 stones	inches = 1 foot
6 VF	6 VF

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Varied Fluency – Imperial Measures – Year 6 Developing

Imperial Measures	Imperial Measures
5a. Isaac fills his car with 64 pints of petrol.	5b. Millie and Iqra are comparing the weights of their dogs.
Jaxon fills his car with 10 gallons of petrol.	Millie's dog weighs 20 pounds.
Who used the largest amount of petrol?	lqra's dog weighs 80 ounces.
	Who has the heaviest dog?
6 VF	
6a. Are the following statements true or false?	6b. Are the following statements true or false?
A. 3 stones = 30 pounds	A. 25 cm ≈ 100 inches
B. 4 ounces = 1 pound	B. 11 feet = 132 inches
C. 1 pint = 0.125 gallons	C. 5.6 litres ≈ 0.1 pint
6 VF	6 VF
7a. Match the measurements to their conversions.	7b. Match the measurements to their conversions.
10cm 100'' 1.25cm	4 ounces 3'' 3 gallons
0.5" 4" 250cm ☆ ✓ ✓ 6 ✓ F	0.25 feet 24 pints 0.25 pounds
8a. Fill in the missing measurements.	8b. Fill in the missing measurements.
pounds = 48 ounces	inches = 3 feet
0.25 pounds = ounces	40 pints = gallons
pints = 15 gallons	pounds = 320 ounces
6 VF	6 VF

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Varied Fluency – Imperial Measures – Year 6 Expected

Imperial Measures	Imperial Measures
9a. Jack is 130cm tall.	9b. Ivy's pet weighs 14 pounds.
Max is 5 feet tall.	Isla's pet weighs 2,800g.
Who is the tallest?	Whose pet is the heaviest?
6 VF	6 VF
10a. Are the following statements true or false?	10b. Are the following statements true or false?
A.1 pint= $\frac{1}{8}$ gallonB.25 % of 1 pound= 5 ounces	A. $\frac{1}{2}$ pint ≈ 0.28 litres
B. 25% of 1 pound = 5 ounces	B. $\frac{1}{12}$ foot = 2 inches
C. $\frac{1}{2}$ stone = 8 pounds	C. 10% of 1 ounce ≈ 0.28g
6 VF	6 VF
11a. Match the measurements to their conversions.	11b. Match the measurements to their conversions.
10% of 1 pound 1.12 L $\frac{1}{14}$ stone	25% of 1 foot 0.25 pounds $\frac{1}{10}$ ounce
1 pound 2 pints 1.6 ounces	4 ounces 2.8g 3 inches
6 VF	6 VF
12a. Fill in the missing measurements.	12b. Fill in the missing measurements.
pints = 1.5 gallons	pounds = 5.5 stones
20% of 1 pound = ounces	2.5 inches = cm
ounces ≈ 84g	pounds = 1.6 ounces
6 VF	6 VF

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Varied Fluency – Imperial Measures – Year 6 Greater Depth

Varied Fluency Imperial Measures

Note: Some answers will be approximations.

Developing

1a. Zac's
2a. A. True B. False C. False
3a. 32 ounces = 2 pounds, 2 stones = 28 pounds, 2 gallons = 16 pints
4a. 1 gallon = 8 pints, 2 feet = 24 inches, 28 pounds = 2 stones

Expected

5a. Jaxon
6a. A. False B. False C. True
7a. 10cm = 4'', 100'' = 250cm, 1.25cm =
0.5''
8a. 3 pounds = 48 ounces, 0.25 pounds = 4
ounces, 120 pints = 15 gallons.

<u>Greater Depth</u>

9a. Max 10a. A. True B. False C. False 11a. 10% of 1 pound = 1.6 ounces, 1.12 L = 2 pints, $\frac{1}{14}$ stone = 1 pound 12a. 12 pints = 1.5 gallons, 20% of 1 pound = 3.2 ounces, 3 ounces ≈ 84g

Varied Fluency Imperial Measures

<u>Note</u>: Some answers will be approximations.

Developing

1b. Sophia's

- 2b. A. False B. True C. True
- 3b. 24" = 2 feet, 56g = 2 ounces, 5cm = 2"
- 4b. 28g ≈ 1 ounce, 2 gallons = 16 pints, 12"

= 1 foot

Expected

5b. Millie
6b. A. False B. True C. False
7b. 4 ounces = 0.25 pounds, 3'' = 0.25 feet,
3 gallons = 24 pints
8b. 36 inches = 3 feet, 40 pints = 5 gallons,
320 ounces = 20 pounds.

Greater Depth 9a. Ivy 10a. A. True B. False C. False 11b. 25% of 1 foot = 3 inches, 0.25 pounds = 4 ounces, $\frac{1}{10}$ ounce = 2.8g, 12b. 77 pounds = 5.5 stones, 2.5 inches = 6.25cm, 0.1 pounds = 1.6 ounces



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Varied Fluency – Imperial Measures ANSWERS